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HELICOPTER SAFETY ADVISORY CONFERENCE-RECOMMENDED PRACTICE

Gas Venting Helideck / Heliport Operational Hazard Warning(s) / Procedures

Operations near Gas Vent Booms

Ignited flare booms can release a large volume of natural gas and create a hot intense heat with little time for the pilot to react. Likewise, un-ignited gas vents can release reasonably large volumes of methane gas under certain conditions. Thus, operations conducted in close proximity to un-ignited gas vents require precautions to prevent inadvertent ingestion of combustible gases by the helicopter engine(s). The following is recommended.

1. Pilots

- (a) Gas will drift upwards and downwind of the vent. Plan the approach and takeoff to observe and avoid the area downwind or directly over the gas vent, remaining as far away as practicable from the open end of the vent boom.
- (b) Exercise caution when starting or landing on an offshore helideck when the deck is downwind of a gas vent.

2. Oil Field Supervisors

- (a) Notify nearby helicopter operators and bases of the hazard for planned operations.
- (b) Wind socks or indicator should be clearly visible to provide upward indication for the pilot.
- (c) High volume large gas vents should have red rotating beacons installed to indicate when gas is venting.

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